

## Uniform Order Continuous Block Hybrid Method for the Solution of First Order Ordinary Differential Equations

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**Abstract:** We know that for any numerical method to be efficient and computational reliable, it must be convergent, consistent, and stable. This paper adopted the method of interpolation of the approximate solution and collocation of its differential system at grid and off grid points to yield a continuous linear multistep method with a constant step size. The continuous linear multistep method is solved for the independent solution to yield a continuous block method which is evaluated at selected grid and off grid points to yield a discrete block method. The basic property of this method is verified to be convergent consistent and satisfies the conditions for stability. The method was tested on numerical examples and found to compete favorably with the existing methods in term of accuracy and error variation.

**Keywords:** interpolation, IVP, ODEs, colocation, approximate solution, independent solution, block method, convergent.

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### I. INTRODUCTION

It has been established that a given linear or non-linear equations does not have a complete solution that can be expressed in terms of a finite number of elementary functions (Ross, 1964; Humi and Miller, 1988). It has also been established that such problems could be solved by seeking an approximate solution by adopting interpolation and collocation method.

In this paper, we consider a numerical method for solving first order initial value problems of the form

$$y' = f(x, y), \quad y(x_0) = y_0 \quad (1)$$

Many scholars have worked on the development of a continuous linear multistep in finding solution to (1). These authors proposed method with different basis functions, among them are Serisena, Onumanyi and Chollom (2001), Awoyemi, Ademiluyi and Amuseghan (2008), Ikhile (2008), Adeniyi, Deyefa and Alabi (2006), Fatokun, Onumanyi and Serisena (2005), Badmus and Mishelia (2011), Olorunsola and Enoch (2011), Umaru (2011), Yahaya and Kumlembg (2007), Ibijola, Skwane and Kumlembg (2011), James et, al (2012), Adesanya, Odekunle, and James (2012) to mention few. These authors proposed method ranging from predictor corrector method to discrete block method.

In this paper, we propose a continuous block method which when evaluated at selected grid points gives a discrete block which the authors mentioned above had proposed. The continuous block possesses the same properties as the continuous linear multistep method. This paper is partitioned into sections as follows: Section two is methodology involved in deriving the continuous multistep method and the continuous block method. Section three considers the analysis of the block method viz; the order, zero stability and the region of absolute stability. Section four considers the numerical examples where we test our method on first order ordinary differential equation and compare our result with existing methods.

### II. METHODOLOGY

Consider a monomial power approximate solution in the form

$$y(x) = \sum_{j=0}^{s+r-1} a_j x^j \quad (2)$$

where r and s are interpolation and collocation points respectively. The first derivative of (2) gives

$$y'(x) = \sum_{j=0}^{s+r-1} j a_j x^{j-1} \quad (3)$$

Substituting (3) into (1) gives

$$f(x, y) = \sum_{j=0}^{s+r-1} j a_j x^{j-1} \quad (4)$$

collocating (4) at  $x_{n+s}, s = 0(\frac{1}{12})1$  and interpolating (2) at  $x_n$  gives and a system of non-linear equation in the form

$$AX = U \quad (5)$$

where

$$A = [a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3, a_4, a_5, a_6, a_7, a_8, a_9, a_{10}, a_{11}, a_{12}, a_{13}]^T$$

$X$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & x_n & x_n^2 & x_n^3 & x_n^4 & x_n^5 & x_n^6 & x_n^7 & x_n^8 & x_n^9 & x_n^{10} & x_n^{11} & x_n^{12} & x_n^{13} \\ 0 & 1 & 2x_n & 3x_n^2 & 4x_n^3 & 5x_n^4 & 6x_n^5 & 7x_n^6 & 8x_n^7 & 9x_n^8 & 10x_n^9 & 11x_n^{10} & 12x_n^{11} & 13x_n^{12} \\ 0 & 1 & 2x_{n+\frac{1}{12}} & 3x_{n+\frac{1}{12}}^2 & 4x_{n+\frac{1}{12}}^3 & 5x_{n+\frac{1}{12}}^4 & 6x_{n+\frac{1}{12}}^5 & 7x_{n+\frac{1}{12}}^6 & 8x_{n+\frac{1}{12}}^7 & 9x_{n+\frac{1}{12}}^8 & 10x_{n+\frac{1}{12}}^9 & 11x_{n+\frac{1}{12}}^{10} & 12x_{n+\frac{1}{12}}^{11} & 13x_{n+\frac{1}{12}}^{12} \\ 0 & 1 & 2x_{n+\frac{1}{6}} & 3x_{n+\frac{1}{6}}^2 & 4x_{n+\frac{1}{6}}^3 & 5x_{n+\frac{1}{6}}^4 & 6x_{n+\frac{1}{6}}^5 & 7x_{n+\frac{1}{6}}^6 & 8x_{n+\frac{1}{6}}^7 & 9x_{n+\frac{1}{6}}^8 & 10x_{n+\frac{1}{6}}^9 & 11x_{n+\frac{1}{6}}^{10} & 12x_{n+\frac{1}{6}}^{11} & 13x_{n+\frac{1}{6}}^{12} \\ 0 & 1 & 2x_{n+\frac{1}{4}} & 3x_{n+\frac{1}{4}}^2 & 4x_{n+\frac{1}{4}}^3 & 5x_{n+\frac{1}{4}}^4 & 6x_{n+\frac{1}{4}}^5 & 7x_{n+\frac{1}{4}}^6 & 8x_{n+\frac{1}{4}}^7 & 9x_{n+\frac{1}{4}}^8 & 10x_{n+\frac{1}{4}}^9 & 11x_{n+\frac{1}{4}}^{10} & 12x_{n+\frac{1}{4}}^{11} & 13x_{n+\frac{1}{4}}^{12} \\ 0 & 1 & 2x_{n+\frac{1}{3}} & 3x_{n+\frac{1}{3}}^2 & 4x_{n+\frac{1}{3}}^3 & 5x_{n+\frac{1}{3}}^4 & 6x_{n+\frac{1}{3}}^5 & 7x_{n+\frac{1}{3}}^6 & 8x_{n+\frac{1}{3}}^7 & 9x_{n+\frac{1}{3}}^8 & 10x_{n+\frac{1}{3}}^9 & 11x_{n+\frac{1}{3}}^{10} & 12x_{n+\frac{1}{3}}^{11} & 13x_{n+\frac{1}{3}}^{12} \\ 0 & 1 & 2x_{n+\frac{5}{12}} & 3x_{n+\frac{5}{12}}^2 & 4x_{n+\frac{5}{12}}^3 & 5x_{n+\frac{5}{12}}^4 & 6x_{n+\frac{5}{12}}^5 & 7x_{n+\frac{5}{12}}^6 & 8x_{n+\frac{5}{12}}^7 & 9x_{n+\frac{5}{12}}^8 & 10x_{n+\frac{5}{12}}^9 & 11x_{n+\frac{5}{12}}^{10} & 12x_{n+\frac{5}{12}}^{11} & 13x_{n+\frac{5}{12}}^{12} \\ 0 & 1 & 2x_{n+\frac{1}{2}} & 3x_{n+\frac{1}{2}}^2 & 4x_{n+\frac{1}{2}}^3 & 5x_{n+\frac{1}{2}}^4 & 6x_{n+\frac{1}{2}}^5 & 7x_{n+\frac{1}{2}}^6 & 8x_{n+\frac{1}{2}}^7 & 9x_{n+\frac{1}{2}}^8 & 10x_{n+\frac{1}{2}}^9 & 11x_{n+\frac{1}{2}}^{10} & 12x_{n+\frac{1}{2}}^{11} & 13x_{n+\frac{1}{2}}^{12} \\ 0 & 1 & 2x_{n+\frac{7}{12}} & 3x_{n+\frac{7}{12}}^2 & 4x_{n+\frac{7}{12}}^3 & 5x_{n+\frac{7}{12}}^4 & 6x_{n+\frac{7}{12}}^5 & 7x_{n+\frac{7}{12}}^6 & 8x_{n+\frac{7}{12}}^7 & 9x_{n+\frac{7}{12}}^8 & 10x_{n+\frac{7}{12}}^9 & 11x_{n+\frac{7}{12}}^{10} & 12x_{n+\frac{7}{12}}^{11} & 13x_{n+\frac{7}{12}}^{12} \\ 0 & 1 & 2x_{n+\frac{2}{3}} & 3x_{n+\frac{2}{3}}^2 & 4x_{n+\frac{2}{3}}^3 & 5x_{n+\frac{2}{3}}^4 & 6x_{n+\frac{2}{3}}^5 & 7x_{n+\frac{2}{3}}^6 & 8x_{n+\frac{2}{3}}^7 & 9x_{n+\frac{2}{3}}^8 & 10x_{n+\frac{2}{3}}^9 & 11x_{n+\frac{2}{3}}^{10} & 12x_{n+\frac{2}{3}}^{11} & 13x_{n+\frac{2}{3}}^{12} \\ 0 & 1 & 2x_{n+\frac{3}{4}} & 3x_{n+\frac{3}{4}}^2 & 4x_{n+\frac{3}{4}}^3 & 5x_{n+\frac{3}{4}}^4 & 6x_{n+\frac{3}{4}}^5 & 7x_{n+\frac{3}{4}}^6 & 8x_{n+\frac{3}{4}}^7 & 9x_{n+\frac{3}{4}}^8 & 10x_{n+\frac{3}{4}}^9 & 11x_{n+\frac{3}{4}}^{10} & 12x_{n+\frac{3}{4}}^{11} & 13x_{n+\frac{3}{4}}^{12} \\ 0 & 1 & 2x_{n+\frac{5}{6}} & 3x_{n+\frac{5}{6}}^2 & 4x_{n+\frac{5}{6}}^3 & 5x_{n+\frac{5}{6}}^4 & 6x_{n+\frac{5}{6}}^5 & 7x_{n+\frac{5}{6}}^6 & 8x_{n+\frac{5}{6}}^7 & 9x_{n+\frac{5}{6}}^8 & 10x_{n+\frac{5}{6}}^9 & 11x_{n+\frac{5}{6}}^{10} & 12x_{n+\frac{5}{6}}^{11} & 13x_{n+\frac{5}{6}}^{12} \\ 0 & 1 & 2x_{n+\frac{11}{12}} & 3x_{n+\frac{11}{12}}^2 & 4x_{n+\frac{11}{12}}^3 & 5x_{n+\frac{11}{12}}^4 & 6x_{n+\frac{11}{12}}^5 & 7x_{n+\frac{11}{12}}^6 & 8x_{n+\frac{11}{12}}^7 & 9x_{n+\frac{11}{12}}^8 & 10x_{n+\frac{11}{12}}^9 & 11x_{n+\frac{11}{12}}^{10} & 12x_{n+\frac{11}{12}}^{11} & 13x_{n+\frac{11}{12}}^{12} \\ 0 & 1 & 2x_{n+1} & 3x_{n+1}^2 & 4x_{n+1}^3 & 5x_{n+1}^4 & 6x_{n+1}^5 & 7x_{n+1}^6 & 8x_{n+1}^7 & 9x_{n+1}^8 & 10x_{n+1}^9 & 11x_{n+1}^{10} & 12x_{n+1}^{11} & 13x_{n+1}^{12} \end{bmatrix}$$

Solving (5) for the  $a_j$ s and substituting back into (2) gives a continuous multistep method in the form

$$y(x) = \alpha_0 y_n + h \sum_{j=0}^{13} \beta_j(x) f_{n+j} \quad (6)$$

Where  $\alpha_0=1$  and the coefficients of  $f_{n+j}$  gives

$$\begin{aligned} \beta_0 &= (\text{b} \\ &\quad \frac{1}{63063000})(90\ 296156160t^{13} - 635\ 835432960t^{12} + 2013\ 478871040t^{11} - 3788\ 519454720t^{10} \\ &\quad + 4714\ 062312960t^9 - 4084\ 497537120t^8 + 2526\ 651372960t^7 - 1125\ 143019000t^6 \\ &\quad + 358\ 834932456t^5 - 80\ 422096755t^4 + 12\ 206383280t^3 - 1174186650t^2 + 63063000t) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \beta_{\frac{1}{12}} &= (-\frac{1}{875875})(15\ 049359360t^{13} - 104\ 613949440t^{12} + 326\ 069452800t^{11} - 601\ 530209280t^{10} \\ &\quad + 729\ 979810560t^9 - 612\ 313982280t^8 + 362\ 792944800t^7 - 152\ 252300200t^6 \\ &\quad + 44\ 580592056t^5 - 8759871120t^4 + 1061078200t^3 - 63063000t^2) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \beta_{\frac{1}{6}} &= (\frac{1}{875875})(82\ 771476480t^{13} - 567\ 904296960t^{12} + 1742\ 433638400t^{11} - 3153\ 363333120t^{10} \\ &\quad + 3737\ 267614080t^9 - 3043\ 385064720t^8 + 1736\ 404698600t^7 - 693\ 746853800t^6 \\ &\quad + 190\ 182650658t^5 - 34\ 098869805t^4 + 3611658050t^3 - 173423250t^2) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \beta_{\frac{1}{4}} &= (-\frac{1}{1576575})(496\ 628858880t^{13} - 3362\ 591232000t^{12} + 10157\ 063454720t^{11} - 18043\ 664550912t^{10} \\ &\quad + 20915\ 213679360t^9 - 16582\ 332606840t^8 + 9158\ 773235040t^7 - 3516\ 977744280t^6 \\ &\quad + 918\ 498805224t^5 - 155\ 290655520t^4 + 15\ 371556200t^3 - 693693000t^2) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \beta_{\frac{1}{3}} &= (\frac{1}{1401400})(993\ 257717760t^{13} - 6635\ 513364480t^{12} + 19735\ 353630720t^{11} - 34437\ 417670656t^{10} \\ &\quad + 39100\ 086305280t^9 - 30266\ 940543840t^8 + 16262\ 902038240t^7 - 6052\ 111305240t^6 \\ &\quad + 1526\ 339734920t^5 - 248\ 668174755t^4 + 23\ 751027300t^3 - 1040539500t^2) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \beta_{\frac{5}{21}} &= (\frac{1}{875875})(993\ 257717760t^{13} - 6545\ 844264960t^{12} + 19172\ 883824640t^{11} - 32886\ 142248960t^{10} \\ &\quad + 36629\ 619586560t^9 - 27759\ 338727120t^8 + 14574\ 432375360t^7 - 5291\ 779693200t^6 \\ &\quad + 1301\ 294410416t^5 - 206\ 885558880t^4 + 19\ 333794480t^3 - 832431600t^2) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \beta_{\frac{1}{2}} &= (\frac{1}{3753755})(496\ 628858880t^{13} - 3228\ 087582720t^{12} + 9313\ 358745600t^{11} - 15714\ 509690880t^{10} \\ &\quad + 17197\ 059559680t^9 - 12791\ 390451840t^8 + 6587\ 216578800t^7 - 2345\ 743600200t^6 \\ &\quad + 566\ 145968388t^5 - 88\ 480301910t^4 + 8148240100t^3 - 346846500t^2) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\beta_{\frac{7}{12}} &= \left(-\frac{1}{875875}\right)(993 257717760t^{13} - 6366 506065920t^{12} + 18096 854630400t^{11} - 30061 565614080t^{10} \\ &\quad + 32370 337359360t^9 - 23686 439016240t^8 + 12002 205758400t^7 - 4208 405401200t^6 \\ &\quad + 1001 300476176t^5 - 154 528133760t^4 + 14 081667600t^3 - 594594000t^2) \\ \beta_{\frac{2}{3}} &= \left(\frac{1}{1401400}\right)(993 257717760t^{13} - 6276 836966400t^{12} + 17583 295242240t^{11} - 28779 297490944t^{10} \\ &\quad + 30536 687301120t^9 - 22026 957432480t^8 + 11010 721344480t^7 - 3812 678829960t^6 \\ &\quad + 897 041193048t^5 - 137 108736765t^4 + 12 395783400t^3 - 520269750t^2) \\ \beta_{\frac{3}{4}} &= \left(-\frac{1}{1576575}\right)(496 628858880t^{13} - 3093 583933440t^{12} + 8543 019663360t^{11} - 13788 865778688t^{10} \\ &\quad + 14436 621239040t^9 - 10283 837283720t^8 + 5081 864879520t^7 - 1741 654834920t^6 \\ &\quad + 406 102777080t^5 - 61 600178640t^4 + 5534929400t^3 - 231231000t^2) \\ \beta_{\frac{5}{6}} &= \left(\frac{1}{875875}\right)(82 771476480t^{13} - 508 124897280t^{12} + 1383 757240320t^{11} - 2204 365363200t^{10} \\ &\quad + 2280 144746880t^9 - 1606 487042160t^8 + 786 109432680t^7 - 267 108041200t^6 \\ &\quad + 61 823980218t^5 - 9320275965t^4 + 833322490t^3 - 34684650t^2) \\ \beta_{\frac{11}{12}} &= \left(-\frac{1}{875875}\right)(15 049359360t^{13} - 91 027722240t^{12} + 244 552089600t^{11} - 384 829885440t^{10} \\ &\quad + 393 720687360t^9 - 274 725130680t^8 + 133 301282400t^7 - 44 965520600t^6 \\ &\quad + 10 343749416t^5 - 1551469920t^4 + 138156200t^3 - 5733000t^2) \\ \beta_1 &= \left(\frac{1}{63063000}\right)(90 296156160t^{13} - 538 014597120t^{12} + 1426 553856000t^{11} - 2219 310213120t^{10} \\ &\quad + 2248 162076160t^9 - 1555 315201440t^8 + 749 148285600t^7 - 251 136685800t^6 \\ &\quad + 57 470909496t^5 - 8583459885t^4 + 761770100t^3 - 31531500t^2)\end{aligned}$$

Where  $t = \frac{x-x_n}{h}$ . Solving (6) for the independent solution gives a continuous block method in the form

$$y_{n+k} = \sum_{j=0}^{\mu-1} \frac{(jh)^m}{m!} y_n^{(m)} + h^\mu \sum_{j=0}^s \sigma_j(x) f_{n+j} \quad (7)$$

Where  $\mu$  is the order of the differential equation,  $s$  is the collocation points. Hence the coefficient of  $f_{n+j}$  in (7)

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma_0 &= (b \\ &\quad \frac{1}{63063000})(90 296156160t^{13} - 635 835432960t^{12} + 2013 478871040t^{11} - 3788 519454720t^{10} \\ &\quad + 4714 062312960t^9 - 4084 497537120t^8 + 2526 651372960t^7 - 1125 143019000t^6 \\ &\quad + 358 834932456t^5 - 80 422096755t^4 + 12 206383280t^3 - 1174186650t^2 + 63063000t) \\ \sigma_{\frac{1}{12}} &= \left(-\frac{1}{875875}\right)(15 049359360t^{13} - 104 613949440t^{12} + 326 069452800t^{11} - 601 530209280t^{10} \\ &\quad + 729 979810560t^9 - 612 313982280t^8 + 362 792944800t^7 - 152 252300200t^6 \\ &\quad + 44 580592056t^5 - 8759871120t^4 + 1061078200t^3 - 63063000t^2) \\ \sigma_{\frac{1}{6}} &= \left(\frac{1}{875875}\right)(82 771476480t^{13} - 567 904296960t^{12} + 1742 433638400t^{11} - 3153 363333120t^{10} \\ &\quad + 3737 267614080t^9 - 3043 385064720t^8 + 1736 404698600t^7 - 693 746853800t^6 \\ &\quad + 190 182650658t^5 - 34 098869805t^4 + 3611658050t^3 - 173423250t^2) \\ \sigma_{\frac{1}{4}} &= \left(-\frac{1}{1576575}\right)(496 628858880t^{13} - 3362 591232000t^{12} + 10157 063454720t^{11} - 18043 664550912t^{10} \\ &\quad + 20915 213679360t^9 - 16582 332606840t^8 + 9158 773235040t^7 - 3516 977744280t^6 \\ &\quad + 918 498805224t^5 - 155 290655520t^4 + 15 371556200t^3 - 693693000t^2) \\ \sigma_{\frac{1}{3}} &= \left(\frac{1}{1401400}\right)(993 257717760t^{13} - 6635 513364480t^{12} + 19735 353630720t^{11} - 34437 417670656t^{10} \\ &\quad + 39100 086305280t^9 - 30266 940543840t^8 + 16262 902038240t^7 - 6052 111305240t^6 \\ &\quad + 1526 339734920t^5 - 248 668174755t^4 + 23 751027300t^3 - 1040539500t^2) \\ \sigma_{\frac{5}{21}} &= \left(\frac{1}{875875}\right)(993 257717760t^{13} - 6545 844264960t^{12} + 19172 883824640t^{11} - 32886 142248960t^{10} \\ &\quad + 36629 619586560t^9 - 27759 338727120t^8 + 14574 432375360t^7 - 5291 779693200t^6 \\ &\quad + 1301 294410416t^5 - 206 885558880t^4 + 19 333794480t^3 - 832431600t^2) \\ \sigma_{\frac{1}{2}} &= \left(\frac{1}{3753755}\right)(496 628858880t^{13} - 3228 087582720t^{12} + 9313 358745600t^{11} - 15714 509690880t^{10} \\ &\quad + 17197 059559680t^9 - 12791 390451840t^8 + 6587 216578800t^7 - 2345 743600200t^6 \\ &\quad + 566 145968388t^5 - 88 480301910t^4 + 8148240100t^3 - 346846500t^2)\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma_{\frac{7}{12}} &= \left(-\frac{1}{875875}\right)(993257717760t^{13} - 6366506065920t^{12} + 18096854630400t^{11} - 30061565614080t^{10} \\ &\quad + 32370337359360t^9 - 23686439016240t^8 + 12002205758400t^7 - 4208405401200t^6 \\ &\quad + 1001300476176t^5 - 154528133760t^4 + 14081667600t^3 - 594594000t^2) \\ \sigma_{\frac{2}{3}} &= \left(\frac{1}{1401400}\right)(993257717760t^{13} - 6276836966400t^{12} + 17583295242240t^{11} - 28779297490944t^{10} \\ &\quad + 30536687301120t^9 - 22026957432480t^8 + 11010721344480t^7 - 3812678829960t^6 \\ &\quad + 897041193048t^5 - 137108736765t^4 + 12395783400t^3 - 520269750t^2) \\ \sigma_{\frac{3}{4}} &= \left(-\frac{1}{1576575}\right)(496628858880t^{13} - 3093583933440t^{12} + 8543019663360t^{11} - 13788865778688t^{10} \\ &\quad + 14436621239040t^9 - 10283837283720t^8 + 5081864879520t^7 - 1741654834920t^6 \\ &\quad + 406102777080t^5 - 61600178640t^4 + 5534929400t^3 - 231231000t^2) \\ \sigma_{\frac{5}{6}} &= \left(\frac{1}{875875}\right)(82771476480t^{13} - 508124897280t^{12} + 1383757240320t^{11} - 2204365363200t^{10} \\ &\quad + 2280144746880t^9 - 1606487042160t^8 + 786109432680t^7 - 267108041200t^6 \\ &\quad + 61823980218t^5 - 9320275965t^4 + 833322490t^3 - 34684650t^2) \\ \sigma_{\frac{11}{12}} &= \left(-\frac{1}{875875}\right)(15049359360t^{13} - 91027722240t^{12} + 244552089600t^{11} - 384829885440t^{10} \\ &\quad + 393720687360t^9 - 274725130680t^8 + 133301282400t^7 - 44965520600t^6 \\ &\quad + 10343749416t^5 - 1551469920t^4 + 138156200t^3 - 5733000t^2) \\ \sigma_1 &= \left(\frac{1}{63063000}\right)(90296156160t^{13} - 538014597120t^{12} + 1426553856000t^{11} - 2219310213120t^{10} \\ &\quad + 2248162076160t^9 - 1555315201440t^8 + 749148285600t^7 - 251136685800t^6 \\ &\quad + 57470909496t^5 - 8583459885t^4 + 761770100t^3 - 31531500t^2)\end{aligned}$$

where  $t = \frac{x-x_n}{h}$ . Evaluating (7) at  $t = \frac{1}{12} \left( \frac{1}{12} \right)$  gives a discrete block formula of the form

$$Y_m = ey_n + hdf(y_n) + hdf(Y_m) \quad (8)$$

where e, d, are r x r matrix

$$d = \begin{bmatrix} 703604254357 & 5389909963 & 2846527447 & 337524401 & 337524401 & 22226233 \\ 313841848320000 & 245188944000 & 2846527447 & 337524401 & 251073478656 & 1009008000 \\ 14110554661 & 42194069 & 316182879 & 43189735 & 62984859487 & 1364651 \end{bmatrix}^T$$

Where

$$Y_m = \left[ y_{n+\frac{1}{12}}, y_{n+\frac{1}{6}}, y_{n+\frac{1}{4}}, y_{n+\frac{1}{3}}, y_{n+\frac{5}{12}}, y_{n+\frac{1}{2}}, y_{n+\frac{7}{12}}, y_{n+\frac{2}{3}}, y_{n+\frac{3}{4}}, y_{n+\frac{5}{6}}, y_{n+\frac{11}{12}}, y_{n+1} \right]^T$$

$$e = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

b	65595204069	3124479557	312447557	1088736807	10782568	6356014075	425869	1801703687	97021984	1089693351	251075	71 948596621
	5283538000	20432412000	20432412000	7175168000	70945875	41 845579776	28028000	11 860992000	638512875	7175168000	1651104	475 517952000
	-551368413119	-204380453	-204380453	-313816983	-57330731	-621292025	626753	-4759173167	-19044664	-319199319	-3685475	-6778054943
	2615348736000	1702701000	1702701000	3587584000	638512875	6974263296	7007000	53 374464000	212837625	3587584000	40864824	79 252992000
	1346577425651	4205603953	4205603953	5391558017	34799384	56 513840875	-22797547	28 865441507	173147168	129141669	222937625	124 688893241
	3138418483200	12259447200	12259447200	12 915302400	76621545	125 536739328	50450400	64 049356800	383107725	287006720	490377888	285 310771200
	-485500845331	-3155251013	-3155251013	-179841793	-190748297	-14 484644875	11991297	-742899011	-22373536	-1492786017	-116058125	30 870004121
	697426329600	544864200	5448643200	2870067200	340540200	27 897053184	14014000	14 233190400	42567525	2870067200	217945728	-63 402393600
	84400835489	25092201427	25092201427	2798863731	17826416	5650941085	-261301	1671183857	181696448	3022272243	2623255	61 857374491
	96864768000	3405402000	3405402000	3587584000	23648625	6974263296	375375	1976832000	212837625	3587584000	3027024	79 252992000
	-4874320027	-64989161	-64989161	-17986247	-66615022	-34866775	7456767	-538451347	-60377264	-5153427	-496025	-295744207
=	5837832000	91216125	91216125	24024000	91216125	46702656	14014000	833976000	91216125	8008000	729729	530712000
	529394045911	197190853	197190853	1956432141	113671024	420296075	7456767	10 274643463	14992192	2179840653	17733425	4547652989
	8717829120000	378378000	378378000	3587584000	212837625	774918144	14014000	17 791488000	23648625	3587584000	27243216	8805888000
	-2298824484333	-1547394763	-1547394763	-150640031	-19812941	-8218635125	-6520377	-4231355261	-10913087	-110416851	-51743875	-7631971303
	697426329600	5448643200	5448643200	2870067200	68108040	27 897053184	22422400	14 233190400	42567525	574013440	217945728	63 402393600
	406332786317	1371522703	1371522703	1505129471	43882936	14 540159125	5782549	7450297757	43033184	213882951	109574375	39 212107847
	3138418483200	12259447200	12259447200	12 915302400	383107725	125 536739328	50450400	64 049356800	383107725	1435033600	490377888	285 310771200
	-30336027563	-153932609	-153932609	-112465833	-6546377	-651875285	-216343	-55778139	-1946392	-117841869	-3935	21 516774301
	8717829120000	5108103000	5108103000	3587584000	212837625	20 922789888	7007000	17 791488000	638512875	3587584000	13621608	237 758976000
	2724891251	1025993	1025993	37067097	3247592	23872925	142739	549114433	358496	38023641	673175	1701850139
	475517952000	206388000	206388000	7175168000	638512875	4649508864	28028000	106 748928000	70945875	7175168000	163459296	52 835328000
	-136955779093	-92953787	-92953787	-50840663	-5942359	-98236025	-391817	-250951589	-739276	-5746911	673175	-2224234463
	31384184832000	245188944000	245188944000	129 153024000	15 324309000	251 073478656	1009008000	640 493568000	1915538625	14 350336000	-1961511552	2853 107712000

### III. ANALYSIS OF THE BASIC PROPERTIES OF THE NEW BLOCK METHOD

#### ORDER OF THE METHOD

Let the linear operator  $L\{y(x): h\}$  associated with the block formula be defined as

$$L\{y(x): h\} = A^{(0)}Y_m - ey_n - h^\mu df(y_n) - h^\mu bF(Y_m) \quad (9)$$

expanding in Taylor series expansion and comparing the coefficient of  $h$  gives

$$L\{y(x); h\} = c_0 y(x) + c_1 hy'(x) + c_2 hy''(x) \dots c_p h^p y^p(x) + c_{p+1} h^{p+1} y^{p+1}(x) + c_{p+2} h^{p+2} y^{p+2} \quad (10)$$

#### Definition:

The linear operator  $L$  and the associated continuous linear multistep method (9) are said to be of order  $p$  if  $c_0 = c_1 = c_2 \dots = c_p = 0$  and  $c_{p+1} \neq 0$  is called the error constant and implies that the local truncation error is given by  $t_{n+k} = c_{p+1} h^{p+1} y^{p+1}(x_n) + O(h^{p+2})$ . For our method, Expanding in Taylor series expansion gives and equating coefficients of the Taylor series expansion to zero yield a constant order 13 with the following error constants

$$\begin{aligned} c_0 &= c_1 = \dots = c_{12} = 0, c_{14} \\ &= [-2.659(-11) - 2.5088(-11) - 2.4920(-11) - 2.495(-11) - 2.4941(-11) \\ &\quad - 2.4944(-11) - 2.494(-11) - 2.4984(-11) - 2.4887(-11) - 2.45485(-11) \\ &\quad - 2.3367(-11) \dots ]^T \end{aligned}$$

#### Zero Stability

**Definition:** The block (8) is said to be zero stable, if the roots  $Z_s$ ,  $s=1,2,\dots,N$  of the characteristic polynomial  $\rho(z)$  defined by  $\rho(z)\det(zA^{(0)} - E)$  satisfies  $|Z_s| \leq 1$  and every root satisfying  $|Z_s| \leq 1$  have multiplicity not exceeding the order of the differential equation. Moreover as  $h \rightarrow 0$ ,  $\rho(z) = z^r - (z-1)^\mu$  where  $\mu$  is the order of the differential equation,  $r$  is the order of the matrix  $A^{(0)}$  and  $E$  (see Awoyemi et al. [6] for details).

For our method

$$\rho(z) = z \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

Since  $\rho(z) = z^{12}(z-1)$  gives roots that lie within 0 and 1, hence our method is zero stable.

#### IV. NUMERICAL EXAMPLES

Notation used in the table

ERA→Error in Areo et al. (2012)

ERB→Error in Badmus and Mishelia (2012)

##### **Problem 1**

We consider a linear first order ordinary differential equation

$$y' = x - y, y(0) = 0, 0 \leq x \leq 1, h = 0.1$$

Exact solution : $y(x) = x + e^{-x} - 1$

This problem was solved by Areo et al. (2011) using block method of order seven. They adopted classical RungeKutta method to provide the starting values. The result is shown in table 1

**Table 1 showing results for problem 1**

x	Exact Result	Computed Result	Error in our method	ERA
0.1	0.004837418035959	0.00483741805555	1.9595(-11)	0.000
0.2	0.01873075307798	0.01873075311344	3.54623(-11)	0.000
0.3	0.04081822068171	0.04081822072989	4.81315(-11)	6.0(-10)
0.4	0.07032004603563	0.07032004609377	5.80680(-11)	2.0(-10)
0.5	0.10653065971263	0.10653065977831	6.56779(-11)	7.0(-10)
0.6	0.14881163609402	0.14881163616533	7.13132(-11)	1.0(-10)
0.7	0.19658530379140	0.19658530386669	7.52814(-11)	8.0(-10)
0.8	0.24932896411722	0.24932896419507	7.78485(-11)	2.0(-10)
0.9	0.30656965974059	0.30656965981984	7.92403(-11)	9.0(-10)
1.0	0.36787944117144	0.36787941251113	7.96712(-11)	4.0(-10)

##### **Problem 2** $y' = xy, y(0) = 1, h = 0.1$

Exact solution:  $y(x) = e^{\frac{1}{2}x^2}$

This problem was solved by Badmus and Mishelia (2011) using self-starting block method of order six, the result is shown in Table 2

**Table 2 showing results for Problem 2**

x	Exact Result	Computed Result	Error in our method	ERB
0.1	1.00501252085940	1.0001252083353	2.6067(-11)	5.29(-07)
0.2	1.02020134002675	1.0202013399419	8.4790(-11)	1.77(-07)
0.3	1.04602785990871	1.0460278597221	1.8684(-10)	8.99(-07)
0.4	1.08327067674958	1.0832870673239	3.5701(-10)	3.09(-06)
0.5	1.13314845306682	1.1331485245627	6.1054(-09)	1.91(-06)
0.6	1.19721736312118	1.1972173621060	1.0157(-09)	4.48(-06)
0.7	1.27762131320488	1.2776213115603	1.6445(-09)	1.02(-05)
0.8	1.37712776433595	1.3771277617200	2.6158(-09)	7.74(-06)
0.9	1.49930250005676	1.4993024959457	4.1110(-09)	1.44(-05)
1.0	1.64872127070012	1.6487212642939	6.4070(-09)	2.93(-05)

#### V. DISCUSSION OF THE RESULT

We have considered two numerical examples to test the efficiency of our method. Problem 1 was solved by Areo et al. (2012). They proposed a hybrid method of order seven and adopted classical RungeKutta method to provide the starting values. The new method gave better approximation because the proposed method is self-starting and does not require starting values. Problem 2 was solved by Badmus and Mishelia (2012). They adopted self-starting block methods of order six. Our method gave better approximation because the iteration per step in the new method was lower than the method proposed by Badmus and Mishelia (2012)

#### VI. CONCLUSION

We have proposed an order seven continuous hybrid method for the solution of first order ordinary differential equations. Our method was found to be zero stable, consistent and converges. The numerical examples show that our method gave better accuracy than the existing methods.

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